



The Economic Impact of Construction in the United States and Alaska

Economic Impact of Construction:

U.S. gross domestic product (GDP)—the value of all goods and services produced in the country—totaled \$26.5 trillion at a seasonally adjusted annual rate in the 1st quarter of 2023; construction contributed \$1.1 trillion (4.0%).

In Alaska, construction contributed \$2.8 billion (4.4%) of the state's GDP of \$64 billion.

There were 919,000 construction establishments in the U.S. in the 1st quarter of 2023, including 2,600 in Alaska. (An establishment is a fixed business location; about 99% of construction firms have only one establishment.)

Construction Spending:

Nonresidential spending in the U.S. totaled \$921 billion in 2022 (\$554 billion private, \$367 billion public).

Residential construction spending in the U.S. totaled \$927 billion (\$453 billion single-family, \$110 billion multifamily, \$355 billion improvements, \$10 billion public).

Private nonresidential spending in Alaska totaled \$544 million in 2022. State and local spending totaled \$1.4 billion. (Totals are not available for residential, railroad, power, communication, or federal construction.)

Construction Employment (Seasonally Adjusted):

Construction (residential + nonresidential) employed 7.9 million workers in July 2023, an increase of 198,000 (2.5%) from July 2022 and an increase of 4.8 from February 2020, the peak pre-pandemic month.

Construction employment in Alaska in July 2023 totaled 16,600, an increase of 500 (3.1%) from July 2022 and a decrease of 200 or 1.2% from

